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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/337,824	06/22/1999	ELLIOT KARL KOLODNER	UK998094	9535	
7:	590 07/16/2003				
JAY P SBROLINI			EXAMINER		
	LAW DEPT RESEARCH CENTER	NGUYEN, DUSTIN			
P O BOX 218 YORKTOWN	HEIGHTS, NY 10598		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2154	<u> </u>	
			DATE MAILED: 07/16/2003	11	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.		Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary		09/337,824 KOLOD		KOLODNER ET A	NER ET AL.	
		Examiner		Art Unit		
		Dustin Nguyen		2154		
The MAILING DATE of Period for Reply	this communication app	ears on the cov	er she t with the c	orrespondence ad	ldress	
A SHORTENED STATUTOR THE MAILING DATE OF THI  - Extensions of time may be available ur after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing  - If the period for reply specified above is  - If NO period for reply is specified above  - Failure to reply within the set or extend  - Any reply received by the Office later the earned patent term adjustment. See 37	S COMMUNICATION. Ider the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 If date of this communication. Is less than thirty (30) days, a reply Is, the maximum statutory period we Is period for reply will, by statute, Is an three months after the mailing	36(a). In no event, how within the statutory mill apply and will expire cause the application	vever, may a reply be tim inimum of thirty (30) days a SIX (6) MONTHS from the become ABANDONE	ely filed  will be considered timely the mailing date of this co	y. ommunication.	
	nication(s) filed on 02 J	une 2003 .				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	- <del></del>	s action is non-	final			
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closed in accordance vi Disposition of Claims	with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle	, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	e menta ia	
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pe	nding in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s	s) is/are withdraw	n from conside	ration.			
5) Claim(s) is/are a	llowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are reje	ected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are o	bjected to.					
8) Claim(s) are sub	ject to restriction and/or	election require	ement.			
Application Papers						
9) The specification is object	cted to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on _	is/are: a)□ accept	ted or b)⊡ objec	ted to by the Exam	niner.		
	st that any objection to the		•	` '		
11) The proposed drawing co				ed by the Examine	er.	
	awings are required in repl		tion.			
12) The oath or declaration is	•	miner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119						
13) Acknowledgment is made		priority under 3	5 U.S.C. § 119(a)-	-(d) or (f).		
, a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐						
<u> </u>	f the priority documents					
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<ol> <li>Copies of the cert application fro</li> <li>See the attached detailed</li> </ol>	ified copies of the priorit m the International Bure Office action for a list o	eau (PCT Rule	17.2(a)).		3tage	
14) Acknowledgment is made			•		application).	
a) ☐ The translation of th 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made	e foreign language prov	isional applicati	on has been rece	ived.		
Attachment(s)		position of the	2 2.2.3. 33 120 6			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drav3) Information Disclosure Statement(s)	ving Review (PTO-948)	4)	Interview Summary ( Notice of Informal Pa Other:	PTO-413) Paper No(s tent Application (PTO		
S Patent and Trademark Office TO-326 (Rev. 04-01)	Office Action	on Summary	Р	art of Paper No. 10		

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-27 are considered for examination.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

- 3. Claims 2-13, 19-21, 23-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
  - A. The following terms lack antecedent basis:

I. the status - claim 2, 19, 21, 23, 26, 27

II. the write operation code - claim 8

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-9, 14, 18-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adl-Tabatabai et al. [ US Patent No 6,317,869 ], in view of Jagannathan et al. [ US Patent No 5,692,193 ].

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As per claim 1, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the invention substantially as claimed including 6.

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a method of managing memory in a multi-threaded processing environment including local

thread stacks and local thread heaps, and a global heap, said method comprising:

creating an object in a thread heap [ col 5, lines 13-15 ].

Adl-Tabatabai does not specifically disclose

monitoring the object to determine whether the object is reference only from a given

thread stack.

Jagannathan discloses

monitoring the object to determine whether the object is reference only from a given

thread stack [col 20, lines 66-col 21, lines 26].

It would have been obvious to a person skill in the art at the time the invention was made

to combine the teaching of Adl-Tabatabai and Jagannathan because Jagannathan's teaching of

monitoring object would allow each thread to perform garbage collection independently of one

another [ Jagannathan, col 5, lines 11-20 ].

7. As per claim 2, Adl-Tabatabai discloses

assigning a local status to the object [col 6, lines 5-37].

Adl-Tabatabai does not specifically disclose

changing the status of the object to global under certain condition.

Jagannathan discloses

changing the status of the object to global under certain condition [col 21, lines 44-50].

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It would have been obvious to a person skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Adl-Tabatabai and Jagannathan because Jagannathan's teaching of changing status would allow object of Adl-Tabatabai's sytem to be shared with other thread in the system.

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- 8. As per claim 3, Adl-Tabatabai discloses deleting from the thread heap one or more local objects when it is determined that they are not accessible from a local root [ col 7, lines 29-46 ].
- 9. As per claim 4, Jagannathan discloses the accessibility is determined by tracing from the local root [ col 10, lines 1-3; and col 20, lines 54-55 ].
- 10. As per claim 5, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the status of an object in the given thread heap is changed to global if the object is assigned to a static variable or if the object is assigned to a field in any other object [ col 5, line 29-30 and lines 43-44 ].
- 11. As per claim 6, Adl-Tabatabai discloses intercepting assignment operations to an object in the thread heap to determine whether the object status should be changed [540, Figure 5B].
- 12. As per claim 7, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the multithreaded processing environment is a virtual machine [ 330, Figure 3 ].

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13. As per claim 8, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the virtual machine comprises an interpreter

comprising a write operation code modified to perform a checking of assignment of the object [

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331, Figure 3].

14. As per claim 9, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the virtual machine comprises a just in time

compiler wherein native compiled write operation code includes native code to perform the

checking of assignment of the object [ 333, Figure 3 ].

15. As per claim 14, Adl-Tabatabai discloses certain objects are associated with a global

status on creation [ col 5, lines 29-30 ].

16. As per claim 18, it is apparatus claimed of claim 1, it is rejected for similar reasons as

stated in claim 1. Furthermore, Jagannathan discloses a local thread stacks and heaps, and a

global heap [ 31, 33, 35, Figure 5 ].

17. As per claim 19, it is apparatus claimed of claim 2, it is rejected for similar reasons as

stated in claim 2.

18. As per claim 20, it is apparatus claimed of claim 3, it is rejected for similar reason as

stated above in claim 3.

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- 19. As per claim 21, it is apparatus claimed of claim 5, it is rejected for similar reason as stated above in claim 5.
- 20. As per claims 22-26, they are rejected for similar reasons as stated above in claims 1-5.
- 21. As per claim 27, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the status of an object in the thread heap is changed to global if the object is assigned to a static variable or if the object is assigned to a field in a global object [ col 5, line 29-30 and lines 43-44 ].
- Claims 10-13, 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Adl-Tabatabai et al. [ US Patent No 6,317,869 ], in view of Jagannathan et al. [ US Patent No 5,692,193 ], and further in view of Dice et al. [ US Patent No 6,308,315 ].
- 23. As per claim 10, Adl-Tabatabai and Jagannathan do not specifically disclose spare capacity in an object header for a flag. Dice discloses spare capacity in an object header for a flag [ col 6, lines 35-38 ]. It would have been obvious to a person skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Adl-Tabatabai, Jagannathan and Dice because Dice's teaching would allow the system to reclaim unused space easier by reading the object heading in the garbage collection process.

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- As per claim 11, Adl-Tabatabai discloses using multiples of 2 or more bytes in a thread heap to store the objects [ col 5, lines 5-7 ]. Adl-Tabatabai and Jagannathan do not specifically disclose at least one spare bit in the object length variable and using the at least one spare bit as the flag. Dice discloses at least one spare bit in the object length variable and using the at least one spare bit as the flag [ col 6, lines 33-38 ]. It would have been obvious to a person skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the teaching of Adl-Tabatabai, Jagannathan and Dice because Dice's teaching would prevent deleting the wrong data object to keep data integrity.
- 25. As per claim 12, Jagannathan discloses moving objects whose status is global from the thread heap to the global heap [ col 14, lines 39-42 ].
- 26. As per claim 13, Adl-Tabatabai discloses compacting the reachable local objects in a thread heap [ col 2, line 30-32 ].
- 27. As per claim 15, Adl-Tabatabai discloses certain objects include Class objects [ col 5, lines 3-7 ] and Runnable objects [ 464, 466, 470, Figure 4A ]. Jagannathan discloses Thread objects [ Abstract ].
- As per claim 16, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the step of analyzing whether an object is likely to be made global and associating such an object with a global status on creation [ col 4, lines 58-col 5, lines 9].

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29. As per claim 17, Adl-Tabatabai discloses the allocating objects assigned as global on

creation to the global heap [ col 5, line 63-65 ].

30. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-27 have been considered but are moot in

view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

31. A shortened statutory period for response to this action is set to expire 3 (three) months

and 0 (zero) days from the mail date of this letter. Failure to respond within the period for

response will result in ABANDONMENT of the application (see 35 U.S.C 133, M.P.E.P

710.02, 710.02(b)).

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dustin Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 305-5321. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Friday (8:00 - 5:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Meng-Ai An can be reached on (703) 305-9678.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directly to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Dustin Nguyen

PRIMARY EXAMINER